

In-the-three-times-ninth-kingdom...

Making sense of stress





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Consulting Medical Officer, Gen Re

and

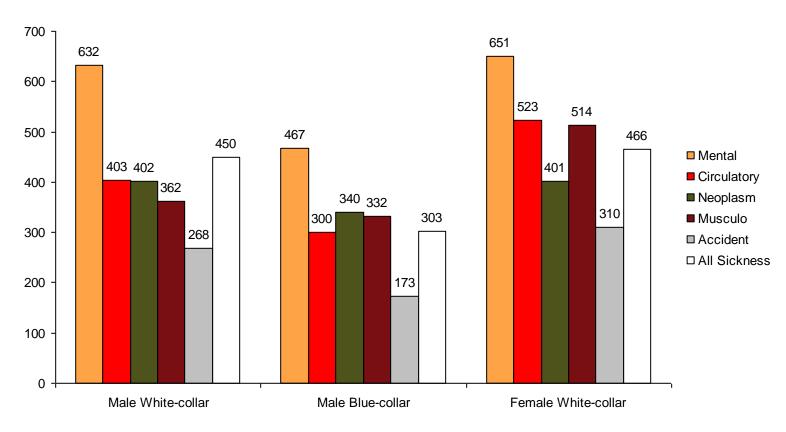
**Consultant Psychiatrist** 

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#### Mental health problems; the longest running claims



#### Average length of claim in days



Limited number companies provided cause of claim data only

Weighted by claim numbers

Only causes with number greater than 100 claims shown (except female white-collar circulatory)

## Royal College Psychiatrists 2008



Table 1: Estimated annual costs to UK employers of mental ill health (Sainsbury Centre for Mental Health, 2007).

	Cost per average employee (£)	Total cost to UK employers (£billion)	Per cent of total
Absenteeism	335	8.4	32.4
Presenteeism	605	15.1	58.4
Turnover <sup>1</sup>	95	2.4	9.2
Total	1035	25.9	100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The cost of replacing staff who leave their job due to a mental health problem

#### **HSE Stress Statistics 2011**



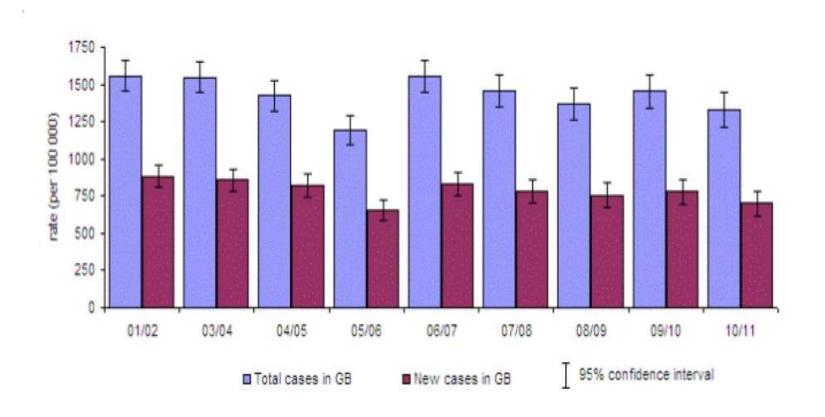
Results from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimate that,

- The total number of cases of stress in 2010/11 was 400 000 out of a total of 1 152 000 for all work-related illnesses.
- The number of new cases of work-related stress has reduced to 211 000 from 233 000 in 2009/10 (change not statistically significant).
- The industries that reported the highest rates of total work-related stress in the last three years were health and social work, education and public administration.
- The occupations that reported the highest rates of total cases of work-related stress in the last three
  years were health and social service managers, teaching professionals and social welfare associate
  professionals.

#### HSE: Prevalence and incidence



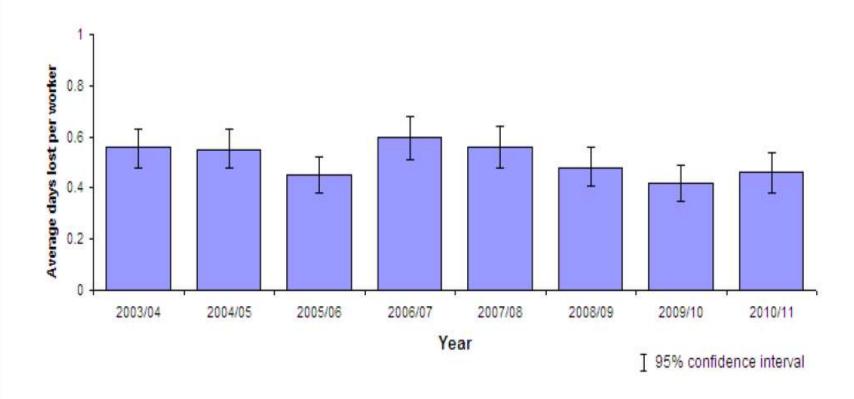
**Figure 1** Total number of cases (prevalence) and new cases (incidence) of work-related stress in GB 2001/02-2010/11



## Days lost per worker



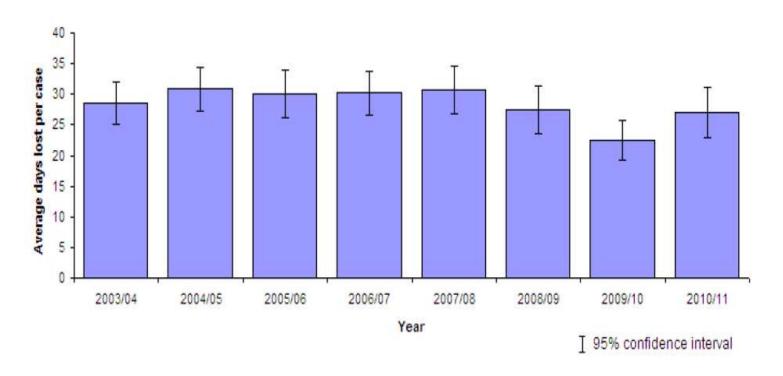
#### Figure 1 number of working days lost by worker



## Days lost by case



Figure 2 Number of working days lost by case



## Your task should you decide to accept it...



## >Define Stress!



#### **HSE Formal Definition**



- The adverse reaction people have to excessive pressures or other types of demand placed on them at work
- > Stress is not an illness it is a state
- If stress becomes too excessive and prolonged, mental and physical illness may develop
- Work is generally good for people if it is well designed, but it can also be a great source of pressure
- > There is a difference between pressure and stress
- Pressure can be positive and a motivating factor, and is often essential in a job. It can help us achieve our goals and perform better
- > Stress occurs when this pressure becomes excessive. Stress is a natural reaction to too much pressure
- http://www.hse.gov.uk/stress/furtheradvice/whatisstress.htm
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#### Common Mental Health Disorders

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- > Occur most frequently and are more prevalent
- Are mostly successfully treated in primary rather than secondary care settings
- Are least disabling in terms of stigmatising attitudes and discriminatory behaviour
- > Health and Safety Executive definiton
- > NB Nothing about severity in this definition

# Stress



- >Not well defined
- >Much used term







## What would happen to you if......

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- > You were very miserable
- You got no pleasure out of any aspect of your life
- > You found it difficult to get to work
- You could not concentrate when you were there
- > You slept badly
- Did not get out of your pyjamas at the weekend



#### Why do some people get stressed and not others?





#### Response to pressure

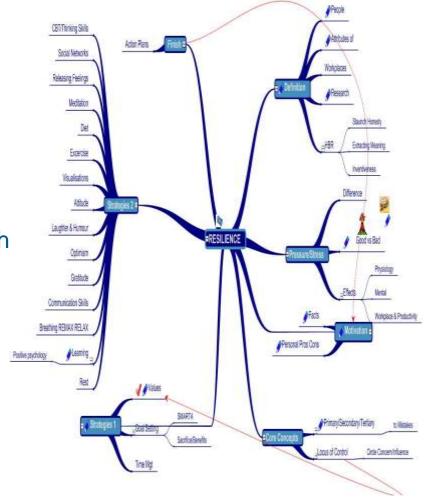




## Vulnerability and Resilience

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- > Genetics
- > Environmental
- > Personality
- Social adversity
- > Lack of social support
- > Previous episodes mental health disorder
- Substance abuse
- > Physical health

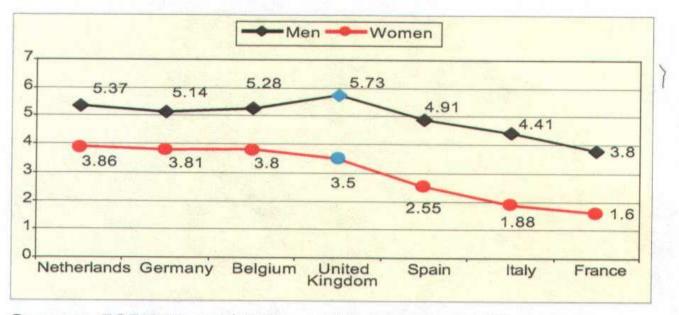


#### Stress: male and female



Figure 35. Psychological distress in males and females in some EU countries

Mental health score on the SF-12 sub-scale in six ESEMedD countries and the UK, weighted.



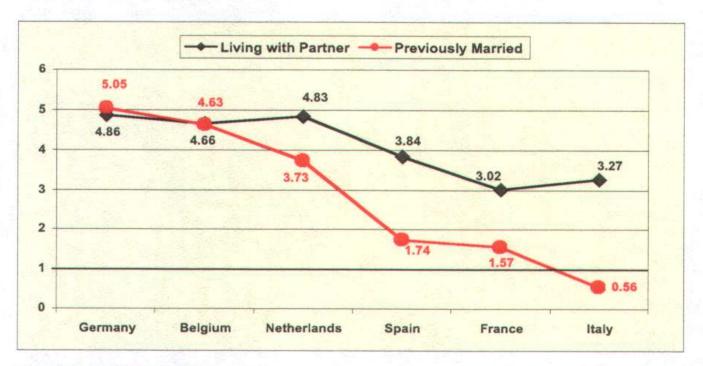
Source: ESEMeD and UK psychiatric morbidity survey

## Stress and living arrangements



Figure 51. Mental health and living arrangements

Psychological distress measured by SF-12 score in six EU countries



Source: ESEMeD

## HSE management standards:



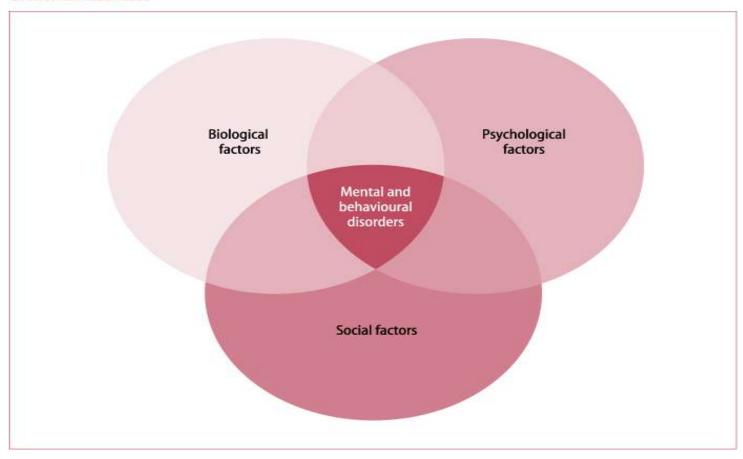
- What makes a stressful job?
- Demands load, pattern and environment
- > Control how much say
- Support organisation, line management and colleagues
- Nole Understands their role ensures no conflict
- > Change how managed
- > Relationships conflict, positive working
- > Corbis.com



# The bio-psycho-social model



Figure 1.1 Interaction of biological, psychological and social factors in the development of mental disorders



#### Destabilisation



- > Life Events
- > Threat
- > Loss
- > Uncertainty
- > Physical health problems



#### Does this person have a mental disorder or is he stressed?



- > 33 year old man, self employed, works in computers
- > His firm is doing badly following difficulties with suppliers and losing a big contract
- > He is likely to go bankrupt
- > His wife has left him as a result of the money troubles
- > He is miserable
- Not attending to the business as he should
- No pleasure from anything except internet gambling where he looses even more money
- > Sleep is poor
- > http://www.mac-history.de/allgemein/2008-05-25/imac-und-powermac-g3

## Physical presentation



- > Sleep disturbance
- > Tiredness
- > Lethargy
- > Breathing problems
- > Bowel problems
- > Headaches
- > Muscle tensions



## Psychological presentations



- > Irritability
- > Anxiety and depression
- > Mood swings
- > Poor decision making
- > Poor concentration
- > Poor prioritisation
- > Poor memory
- > Poor self-esteem



## Behavioural presentation



- >Altered Appearance
- >Drinking more
- >Change Appetite
- >Smoking more
- >Absenteeism
- >Accidents
- >'Presenteeism'



## Recognition & Service Use



- >Filters and levels
- >(Goldberg and Huxley 1992)



## Recognition and filters



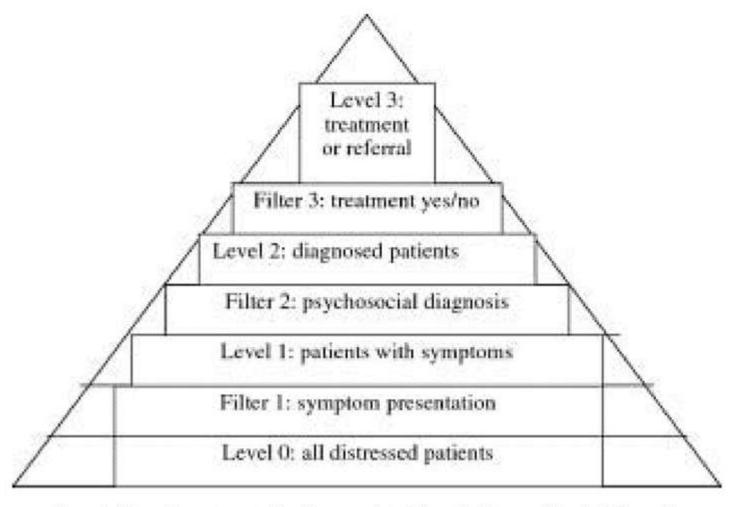


Figure 1. The pathway to mental health care: adapted from Goldberg and Huxley's Pyramid.

#### Mental Illness Filters

Level 1	The Community	315/1000/year	1 <sup>st</sup> filter Illness behaviour	ARA.
Level 2	Total mental morbidity- attenders in primary care	230/1000/year	2 <sup>nd</sup> filter Ability to detect disorder	
Level 3	Mental disorders identified by doctors (Conspicuous Psychiatric Morbidity)	101.5/1000/year	3 <sup>rd</sup> filter Referral to services	
Level 4	Total morbidity – mental illness services	23.5/1000/year	4 <sup>th</sup> filter Admission to psychiatric bed	



5.71/1000/year

Psychiatric in-

patients

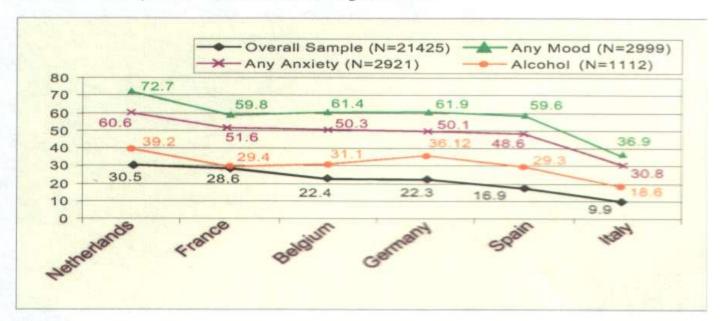
Level 5

### Help seeking varies by disorder



# Figure 68. People seeking help for mental health problems from any health provider

Percentage of the overall sample, of people with alcohol disorders, of people with anxiety disorders and of people with mood disorders ever seeking help from any provider in six European countries, lifetime.



Source: ESEMeD

or

#### Restitution

- > No new events
- > Social support
- > Fresh start and neutralising events
- > Treatment:- Medical and psychological
- "...the dramatic changes in antidepressant prescribing volumes between 1993 and 2005 seem to be largely because more patients are on long term medication and this group consumes the most drugs."
- Retrospective analysis of reasons behind recent increase in antidepressant prescribing in UK BMJ 2009; 339: b3999
- > Engagement with change



#### Restitution



- > About half of people with common mental health problems are no longer affected after 18 months, but
- > poorer people
- > the long-term sick
- > and unemployed people are more likely to be still affected than the general population.
- Better Or Worse: A Longitudinal Study Of The Mental Health Of Adults In Great Britain, National Statistics (2003)



#### Underwriting: In-the-three-times-ninth-kingdom.....



- >What is the story?
- >Who are they?
- Why did this person react in this way?
- >What was the effect of the stress?
- >Why was it noticed?
- >How did they get better?
- http://www.mymodernmet.com/profiles/blog/list?tag=vogue



## Underwriting assessment

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- Understanding the filters and levels that meant that this was picked up at underwriting
- Understand the important risk factors within the Bio-psychosocial model:-
- > Vulnerability factors
- > Life events
- > Restitution
- > http://www.dontpaniconline.com/magazine/arts/psychospa





# In-the-three-times-ninth-kingdom.....

# Claims



#### Why don't people work when they have a job?





## Medical





## Deviance





## Withdrawal





#### Financial





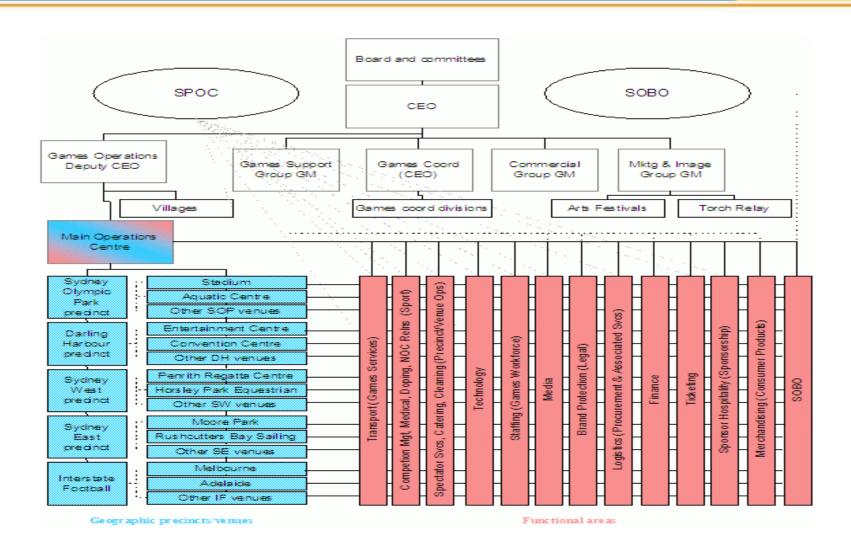
#### **TRACY Aged 36**

Tracy was cleaning a soup-kettle at work and fractured her radius in her arm

Tracy received £15,000

#### Cultural





#### Work Culture: HSE standards



- Demands load, pattern and environment
- > Control how much say
- Support organisation, line management and colleagues
- > Role Understands their role ensures no conflict
- > Change how managed
- > Relationships conflict, positive working
- http://fatherstephen.wordpress.com/2011/10/12/knowing-the-beautiful-god/



#### Conclusions

- > Stress is ill defined
- > Not always trivial
- > Understand the person
- > Understand the story
- >Think about the ways you gather information
- http://www.lachschon.de/item/5388-StressKeinProblem/

#### Stress Reduction Kit



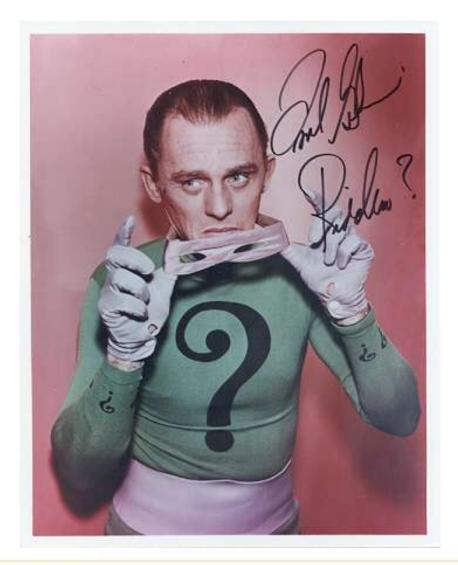
#### Directions:

- 1. Place kit on FIRM surface.
- 2. Follow directions in circle of kit.
- 3. Repeat step 2 as necessary, or until unconscious.
- 4. If unconscious, cease stress reduction activity.

Dein Vater zwingt deine Mutter auf LACHSCHOMDE

## Questions





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